DAVID J. MEYER VICE PRESIDENT AND CHIEF COUNSEL FOR REGULATORY & GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS AVISTA CORPORATION P.O. BOX 3727 1411 EAST MISSION AVENUE SPOKANE, WASHINGTON 99220-3727 TELEPHONE: (509) 495-4316 FACSIMILE: (509) 495-8851 DAVID.MEYER@AVISTACORP.COM BEFORE THE IDAHO PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION ) CASE NO. AVU-G-17-01 OF AVISTA CORPORATION FOR THE AUTHORITY TO INCREASE ITS RATES AND CHARGES FOR ELECTRIC AND NATURAL GAS SERVICE TO ELECTRIC ) DIRECT TESTIMONY AND NATURAL GAS CUSTOMERS IN THE OF ) ) JOSEPH D. MILLER STATE OF IDAHO

FOR AVISTA CORPORATION

(NATURAL GAS ONLY)

#### I. INTRODUCTION

- Q. Please state your name, business address and present position with Avista Corporation.
- 4 A. My name is Joseph D. Miller. My business address
- 5 is 1411 East Mission Avenue, Spokane, Washington. I am
- 6 employed as a Senior Regulatory Analyst in the State and
- 7 Federal Regulation Department.
- 8 Q. Would you briefly describe your
- 9 responsibilities?

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- 10 A. Yes. I am responsible for preparing and
- 11 maintaining the natural gas cost of service models for the
- 12 Company. I also provide support in the preparation of
- 13 revenue analysis, rate spread and rate design, and
- 14 miscellaneous other duties as required.
- 15 Q. Please describe your educational background and
- 16 professional experience.
- 17 A. I am a 1999 graduate of Portland State University
- 18 with a Bachelors degree in Business Administration, majoring
- 19 in Accounting. In 2005 I graduated from Gonzaga University
- 20 with a Masters degree in Business Administration. I joined
- 21 the Company in March 2008 after spending eight years in both
- 22 the public and private accounting sector. I started with
- 23 Avista as a Natural Gas Accounting Analyst in the Company's
- 24 Resource Accounting Department. In January 2009, I joined

- 1 the State and Federal Regulation Department as a Regulatory
- 2 Analyst. My primary responsibility was coordinating
- 3 discovery for the Company's general rate case filings. In
- 4 my current role as a Senior Regulatory Analyst, I am
- 5 responsible for the Company's natural gas cost of service
- 6 studies and revenue adjustments in all jurisdictions.

# Q. What is the scope of your testimony in this

#### 8 proceeding?

- 9 A. My testimony and exhibits will cover the Company's
- 10 natural gas revenue normalization adjustments and cost of
- 11 service study performed for this proceeding. A table of
- 12 contents for my testimony is as follows:

Description	Page
I. Introduction	1
II. Natural Gas Revenue Normalization	3
III. Natural Gas Cost of Service	7
IV. Cost of Service Results	10
	I. Introduction II. Natural Gas Revenue Normalization III. Natural Gas Cost of Service

18

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#### Q. Are you sponsoring any Exhibits in this case?

- 20 A. Yes. I am sponsoring Exhibit No. 15, Schedule 1
- 21 which includes a narrative of the natural gas cost of service
- 22 study process, and Schedule 2, the natural gas cost of
- 23 service study summary results.

## Q. Were these Exhibits prepared by you or under your

#### 25 direction?

1 A. Yes they were.

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## 3 II. NATURAL GAS REVENUE NORMALIZATION

- 4 Q. Would you please describe the natural gas revenue
- 5 adjustment included in Company witness Ms. Andrews' pro
- 6 forma results of operations?
- 7 A. Yes. Similar to the electric revenue
- 8 normalization adjustment, sponsored by Company witness Ms.
- 9 Knox, the natural gas revenue normalization adjustment
- 10 represents the difference between the Company's actual
- 11 recorded retail revenues during the 12-months ended December
- 12 2016 test period, and retail revenues on a normalized (pro
- 13 forma) basis. The adjustment includes the re-pricing of pro
- 14 forma sales and transportation volumes at present rates
- 15 using pro forma sales volumes that have been adjusted for
- 16 unbilled sales, abnormal weather, and any material customer
- 17 load or schedule changes. The rates used exclude: 1)
- 18 Purchase Gas Cost Adjustment Schedule 150, which reflects
- 19 the costs related to purchasing and transporting natural gas
- 20 approved in the Company's last PGA filing, 2) Temporary Gas
- 21 Rate Adjustment Schedule 155, which reflects the approved
- 22 amortization rate for prior deferred natural gas costs

- 1 approved in the Company's last PGA filing, and 3) Demand
- 2 Side Management Rate Adjustment Schedule 191.1
- 3 Q. Does the Revenue Normalization Adjustment contain
- 4 a component reflecting normalized natural gas costs?
- 5 A. No, natural gas commodity costs have been removed
- 6 from the Company's filing.
- 7 Q. Have you determined the impact of each of the
- 8 components of this adjustment?
- 9 A. Yes. The net operating income impact for each of
- 10 the components is as follows:
- 1. Re-pricing of base distribution revenue increased
- net operating income by \$206,000.
- 2. Re-pricing base distribution unbilled revenue
- decreased net operating income by \$149,000,
- 15 3. The weather adjustment at present base rates
- increased net operating come by \$1,597,000.
- 17 4. The elimination of the deferred decoupling revenue
- decreased net operating income by \$1,360,000
- 19 The total net amount of the natural gas revenue
- 20 normalization adjustment is an increase to net operating
- 21 income of \$294,000, as shown in adjustment column 2.07, on
- 22 page 7 of Ms. Andrews Exhibit No. 12, Schedule 2.

 $^{\rm I}$  Documentation related to this adjustment is detailed in my workpapers accompanying this case.

Miller, Di Page 4 Avista Corporation

- Q. Would you please briefly discuss natural gas weather normalization?
- 3 A. Yes. The natural gas weather normalization
- 4 adjustment is developed from a regression analysis of ten
- 5 years of billed usage per customer and billing period heating
- 6 degree-day data. The resulting seasonal weather sensitivity
- 7 factors (use-per-customer-per-heating-degree day) are
- 8 applied to monthly test period customers, and the difference
- 9 between normal heating degree-days and monthly test period
- 10 observed heating degree-days. This calculation produces the
- 11 change in therm usage required to adjust existing loads to
- 12 the amount expected if weather had been normal.
- 13 Q. In the discussion of electric weather
- 14 normalization sponsored by Ms. Knox, she indicated that the
- 15 adjustment utilized sensitivity factors from the 10-year
- 16 period January 2006 through December 2015. Is this true for
- 17 natural gas as well?
- 18 A. Yes, the natural gas weather adjustment utilized
- 19 weather sensitivity factors for the same 10-year period.
- Q. What data did you use to determine "normal"
- 21 heating degree days?
- 22 A. Normal heating degree-days are based on a rolling
- 23 30-year average of heating degree-days reported for each
- 24 month by the National Weather Service for the Spokane Airport

- 1 weather station. Each year the normal values are adjusted
- 2 to capture the most recent year with the oldest year dropping
- 3 off, thereby reflecting the most recent information
- 4 available at the end of each calendar year. The calculation
- 5 includes the 30-year period from 1987 through 2016.
- 6 Q. Is this proposed weather adjustment methodology
- 7 consistent with the methodology utilized in the Company's
- 8 last general rate case in Idaho?
- 9 A. Yes. The process for determining the weather
- 10 sensitivity factors and the monthly adjustment calculation
- 11 is consistent with the methodology presented in Case No.
- 12 AVU-G-15-01.
- 13 Q. What was the impact of natural gas weather
- 14 normalization on the 12-months ended December 2016 test
- 15 year?
- 16 A. Weather was warmer than normal during the January
- 17 2016 through December 2016 period. The adjustment to normal
- 18 required the addition of 766 heating degree-days from
- 19 January through June and October through December. 2 The
- 20 adjustment to sales volumes was an addition of 5,978,311
- 21 therms which is approximately 4.7% of total billed usage.

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 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Heating degree days that occur during July through September do not impact the natural gas weather normalization adjustment as the seasonal sensitivity factor is zero for summer months.

#### III. NATURAL GAS COST OF SERVICE

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- Q. Please describe the natural gas cost of service study and its purpose.
- 4 A. A natural gas cost of service study is an
- 5 engineering-economic study which separates the revenue,
- 6 expenses, and rate base associated with providing natural
- 7 gas service to designated groups of customers. The groups
- 8 are made up of customers with similar usage characteristics
- 9 and facility requirements. Costs are assigned in relation
- 10 to each group's test year load and facilities requirements,
- 11 resulting in an evaluation of the cost of the service
- 12 provided to each group. The rate of return by customer group
- 13 indicates whether the revenue provided by the customers in
- 14 each group recovers the cost to serve those customers. The
- 15 study results are used as a guide in determining the
- 16 appropriate rate spread among the groups of customers.
- 17 Exhibit No. 15, Schedule 1 explains the basic concepts
- 18 involved in performing a natural gas cost of service study.
- 19 It also details the specific methodology and assumptions
- 20 utilized in the Company's Base Case cost of service study.
- Q. What is the basis for the natural gas cost of service study provided in this case?
- 23 A. The cost of service study provided by the Company
- 24 as Exhibit No. 15, Schedule 2 is based on the 12-months ended

- 1 December 2016 test year pro forma results of operations
- 2 presented by Ms. Andrews in Exhibit No. 12, Schedule 2.
- Q. Would you please explain the natural gas cost of service study presented in Schedule 2?
- 5 A. Yes. Exhibit No. 15, Schedule 2 is composed of a
- 6 series of summaries of the cost of service study results.
- 7 Page 1 shows the results of the study by FERC account
- 8 category. The rate of return and the ratio of each
- 9 schedule's return to the overall return are shown on lines
- 10 38 and 39. This summary is provided to Company witness Mr.
- 11 Ehrbar for his consideration regarding rate spread and rate
- 12 design. The results will be presented later in my testimony.
- 13 Additional summaries show the costs organized by functional
- 14 category (page 2) and classification (page 3), including
- 15 margin and unit cost analysis at current and proposed rates.
- 16 Finally, page 4 is a summary identifying specific customer-
- 17 related costs embedded in the study.
- The Excel model used to calculate the natural gas cost
- 19 of service and supporting schedules has been included in its
- 20 entirety both electronically and hard copy in the natural
- 21 gas workpapers accompanying this case.
- Q. Does the Natural Gas Base Case cost of service
- 23 study utilize the methodology from the Company's last
- 24 natural gas case in Idaho?

- 1 A. Yes, the Base Case cost of service study was
- 2 prepared using the same methodology applied to the study
- 3 presented in Docket No. AVU-G-15-01.
- 4 Q. What are the key elements that define the cost of
- 5 service methodology?
- 6 A. Underground storage costs are allocated by
- 7 normalized winter throughput. Natural gas main investment
- 8 has been segregated into large and small mains. Large usage
- 9 customers that take service from large mains do not receive
- 10 an allocation of small mains. System facilities that serve
- 11 all customers are classified by the peak and average ratio
- 12 that reflects the system load factor, then allocated by
- 13 coincident peak demand and throughput, respectively. Meter
- 14 installation and services investment is allocated by number
- of customers weighted by the relative current cost of those
- 16 items. General plant is allocated based on the Company's
- 17 blended four-part factor allocator (four-factor).
- 18 Administrative & general expenses are segregated into labor-
- 19 related, plant-related, revenue-related, and "other". The
- 20 costs are then allocated by factors associated with labor,
- 21 plant in service, or revenue, respectively. The "other" A&G
- 22 amounts are allocated based on the Company's four-factor. A
- 23 detailed description of the methodology is included in
- 24 Exhibit No. 15, Schedule 1.

# Q. What are the results of the Company's natural gas cost of service study?

The Base Case cost of service study presented in 4 Α. 5 this filing we believe provides a fair representation of the costs to serve each customer group. The study indicates 6 7 that the General Service Schedule 101 (serving most 8 residential customers) is providing less than the overall 9 rate of return (unity), and Large General, Transportation service schedules (111/112 and 146) 10 providing more than unity. The following Table No. 1 shows 11 12 the rate of return and the relative return ratio at present 13 rates for each rate schedule:

#### 14 **Table No.1:**

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#### 15 Base Case Results

16	Customer Class	Rate of Return	Return Ratio
17	General Service Schedule 101	4.68%	0.86
18	Large General Service Schedule 111/112	9.33%	1.71
	Transportation Schedule 146	6.36%	1.17
19	Total Idaho Natural Gas System	5.46%	1.00

The summary results of this study were provided to Mr.

21 Ehrbar for consideration in the development of the proposed

22 rates.

- 1 Q. Does this conclude your pre-filed direct
- 2 testimony?
- 3 A. Yes.